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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/765,182	01/28/2004	Shinji Kajita	2004_0120A	9850
513 7590 10/17/2008 WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK, L.L.P.			EXAMINER	
2033 K STREET N. W. SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20006-1021			HECKERT, JASON MARK	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1792	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/17/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/765 182 KAJITA ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit JASON HECKERT 1792 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 July 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 8 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 7/11/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant puts forth the argument that neither Tomita nor Doi teach a scattering prevention means located substantially on the same plane as an upper surface of the substrate held by a holder. However, the arguments are not commensurate with the scope of the claim language. Claim 8 recites, "...lowering the scattering prevention cup until an upper surface of the scattering prevention cup lies substantially on the same place as an upper surface of the substrate held by the substrate holder...". Thus, there is a discrepancy between the arguments and the claim language. As the claim is currently worded, it is subject to a much broader interpretation than the language put forth in the arguments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary still in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tomita et al. (Tomita) in view of Doi et al. (Doi) and further in view of Hashimoto et al (Hashimoto). Tomita teaches a substrate washing device and a method for washing substrates. The device of Tomita comprises a rotatable substrate holder 12, a chamber surrounding the substrates and rinsing nozzles 15 and 16. Tomita shows that nozzle 16, on the reverse side of the holder, soravs fluid onto the substrate holder. In regards to claim 8, fluid is

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also ejected laterally from nozzle 15 to clean the chamber simultaneously (Fig 1: col. 3, lines 8-10, col. 5, lines 8-49). Tomita does not describe the scattering prevention cups as having the shape of the instant application. Such shape is known in the prior art. Additionally, movable cups are very well known as well. Doi shows a movable cup 76 that meets the structural limitations of claims 1 and 8. Narrow part 81 connects to a widening part of 76, which has its widest diameter at the base. It would have been obvious at the time of invention to modify Tomita and include a scattering cup of the shape of Doi, in order to limit the scattering of fluid as is known in the art.

4. Tomita shows that it is known at the time of the invention to eject fluid from a nozzle to clean the scattering prevention structure. Doi shows a movable substrate holder, and it is well known to raise and lower the holder accordingly throughout the treatment process. However, they do not teach locating the upper surface of the scattering prevention cup substantially on the same place as an upper surface of the substrate held by the substrate holder. Hashimoto teaches locating part of a scattering prevention cup substantially on the same place as the substrate (figure 11, part 133). Furthermore, it is within the skill of one practicing the art to locate the scattering prevention means at the optimum location through routine experimentation. Absent a showing of unexpected results, the location of the cup is considered to be an obvious modification. Thus, the claimed method steps are obvious to one skilled in the art.

Conclusion

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP Application/Control Number: 10/765,182

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§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JASON HECKERT whose telephone number is (571)272-2702. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. to Friday, 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on (571)272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Michael Barr/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1792

JMH